## We are looking for answers to questions such as...

Does the viewer understand the information that is contained in computer-generated images?

How easy are they to be understood? How do we have to prepare image information for different devices? How can we generate new applications from images? How can machine learning support visualization research and practice? Is there any additional benefit of new possibilities of interaction? What impact do virtual surroundings have on people?

# About the SFB-TRR 161

Transregional Interdisciplinary **Research Project** 

Subject of Research: Quantitative Methods for Visual Computing

Funded by Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (DFG) Since July 1, 2015

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About 50 scientists

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**Quantification in Visual Computing** 

Visions, Challenges, and Activities of the SFB-TRR 161









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### Challenges of Ubiquitous Technology



S marthones take our holiday pictures, send us reminders of upcoming appointments, and help us find the way to a meeting point. Cars are learning to see, computer generated images entertain us in movies and video games, and we view new products online in 3D before we decide to purchase them.

In our daily environment, we see lots of information on displays—on our computer screens and mobile devices, on virtual shop windows as well as huge projection screens. Computer screens have become with this challenge.

ubiquitous in our private lives as well as in research and industry. Processing and generating large amounts of data has become pervasive.

Images play an important role in this development. On the one hand, they make it possible to present data in an optimum way, e.g., when results of complex computer calculations can be demonstrated as a film or

picture. On the other hand, we can gain information for new technologies from digital images. For instance, camera systems in modern cars warn drivers about unexpected obstacles and thereby potentially prevent accidents.

Today's society requests quick comprehension of a large amount of data. Thus, computer controlled processing and generating of images and visual information gains more and more importance. The young science of visual computing deals

### Visual Computing in Science, Industry, and Daily Life

Visualization of generated data and simulated computation, virtual maps and tours or visual effects in films and on TV-visual

computing is present in science, industry, and our daily lives. Some of the main topics of the SFB-TRR 161 are:



Virtual images of computing data and simulation



Visualization of brain potentials

settina

(EEG/ERPs) in a modern, dynamic

Novel models for visual perception

Interactive analysis of data

collections or studies





Hybrid user interfaces combining handheld and headmounted de vices

# Quantification – Making Quality and Applicability Measurable





What is Visual Computing?



In recent vears, visual comwhere computer scientists, gists develop efficient methods, techniques, and app-

»So far, an often neglected aspect in visual computing research is quantification. Only quantified methods can be applied effectively. Our research community will close this dan.«

> Prof. Dr. Daniel Weiskopf Spokesperson of the SFB-TRR 161

An often neglected aspect in visual computing research is quantification. Only by using quantification can the methods be applied effectively. Scientists of the SFB-TRR 161

work on determination and measurability of quality and applicability of available methods to adapt them to the requirements of different applications and users.

### For this, the SFB-TRR 161...

performs specific user tests.

. analyzes eye-tracking



. optimizes approaches for interactive visualisation,



.. explores possibilities of new interaction.



.. takes physiological measurements



... develops models and algorithms.